

- (1) The activities required in the DMR are completed;
- (2) the associated data and documentation is reviewed;
- (3) the release is authorized by the signature of a designated individual(s); and
- (4) the authorization is dated.
- (e) *Acceptance records.* Each manufacturer shall document acceptance activities required by this part. These records shall include:
  - (1) The acceptance activities performed;
  - (2) the dates acceptance activities are performed;
  - (3) the results;
  - (4) the signature of the individual(s) conducting the acceptance activities; and
  - (5) where appropriate the equipment used. These records shall be part of the DHR.

**§ 820.86 Acceptance status.**

Each manufacturer shall identify by suitable means the acceptance status of product, to indicate the conformance or nonconformance of product with acceptance criteria. The identification of acceptance status shall be maintained throughout manufacturing, packaging, labeling, installation, and servicing of the product to ensure that only product which has passed the required acceptance activities is distributed, used, or installed.

**Subpart I—Nonconforming Product**

**§ 820.90 Nonconforming product.**

- (a) *Control of nonconforming product.* Each manufacturer shall establish and maintain procedures to control product that does not conform to specified requirements. The procedures shall address the identification, documentation, evaluation, segregation, and disposition of nonconforming product. The evaluation of nonconformance shall include a determination of the need for an investigation and notification of the persons or organizations responsible for the nonconformance. The evaluation and any investigation shall be documented.
- (b) *Nonconformity review and disposition.* (1) Each manufacturer shall estab-

lish and maintain procedures that define the responsibility for review and the authority for the disposition of nonconforming product. The procedures shall set forth the review and disposition process. Disposition of nonconforming product shall be documented. Documentation shall include the justification for use of nonconforming product and the signature of the individual(s) authorizing the use.

- (2) Each manufacturer shall establish and maintain procedures for rework, to include retesting and reevaluation of the nonconforming product after rework, to ensure that the product meets its current approved specifications. Rework and reevaluation activities, including a determination of any adverse effect from the rework upon the product, shall be documented in the DHR.

**Subpart J—Corrective and Preventive Action**

**§ 820.100 Corrective and preventive action.**

- (a) Each manufacturer shall establish and maintain procedures for implementing corrective and preventive action. The procedures shall include requirements for:

- (1) Analyzing processes, work operations, concessions, quality audit reports, quality records, service records, complaints, returned product, and other sources of quality data to identify existing and potential causes of nonconforming product, or other quality problems. Appropriate statistical methodology shall be employed where necessary to detect recurring quality problems;
- (2) Investigating the cause of nonconformities relating to product, processes, and the quality system;
- (3) Identifying the action(s) needed to correct and prevent recurrence of nonconforming product and other quality problems;
- (4) Verifying or validating the corrective and preventive action to ensure that such action is effective and does not adversely affect the finished device;
- (5) Implementing and recording changes in methods and procedures needed to correct and prevent identified quality problems;